

Deprotonative metalation for the
preparation of diversely-
functionalized organometallic
reagents

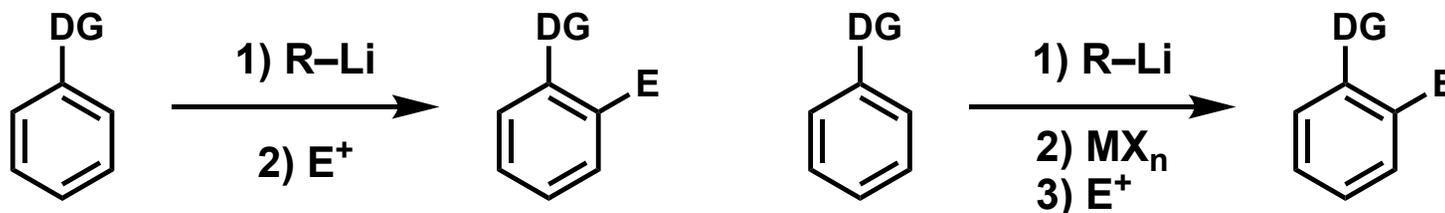
Brad Gilbert

SED Group Meeting

9/26/2017

Proton-metal exchange

- Frequently employed by organic chemists as Directed *ortho*-Metalation (DoM)
- Bases employed are typically R-Li (*n*-, *s*-, or *t*-BuLi, less frequently PhLi, MeLi) or R₂N-Li (LiHMDS, LDA, LiTMP), K- and Na- bases are also used.



- Organolithium reagents have relatively low functional group tolerance



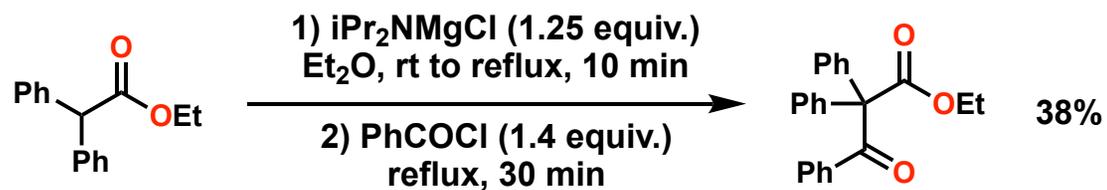
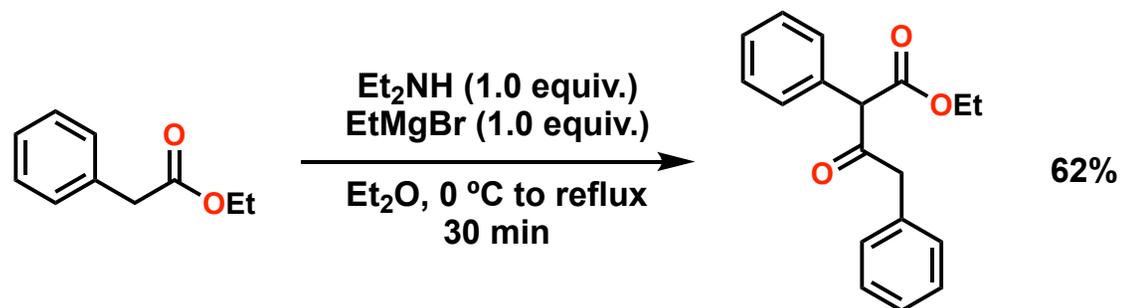
Organometallic reagent compatibility

- Organozinc reagents are more compatible with a variety of functional groups than are organomagnesium reagents, which are still more compatible than organolithium reagents.

K, Na, Ca, Li	Al, Mg	La, Co, Fe, Mn	Zn, Cd, Cu, In	Hg, B, Sn, Si
ionic C–metal bond	polarized C–metal bond	transition metals	covalent C–metal bond with low-lying empty orbitals	covalent C–metal bond without low- lying empty orbitals
low	functional group compatibility			high

- However, traditional means of RMgX and RZnX preparation often involve elevated temperatures and/or transmetalation from a less compatible metal
- Can a mild deprotonation to generate organometallic reagents compatible with a broad range of functional groups be achieved?

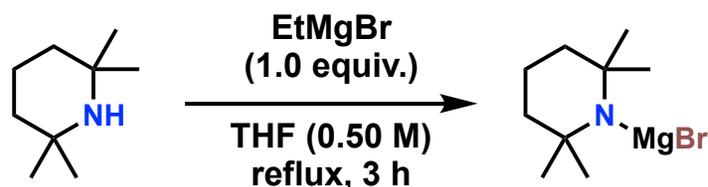
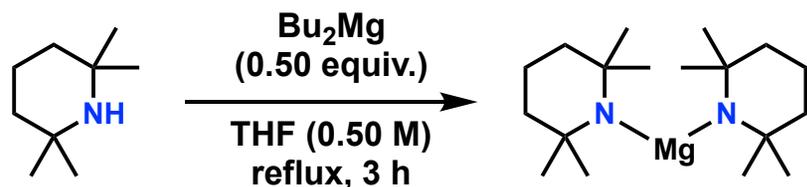
Magnesium amide reagents



C. R. Hauser

Charles R. Hauser
Duke University

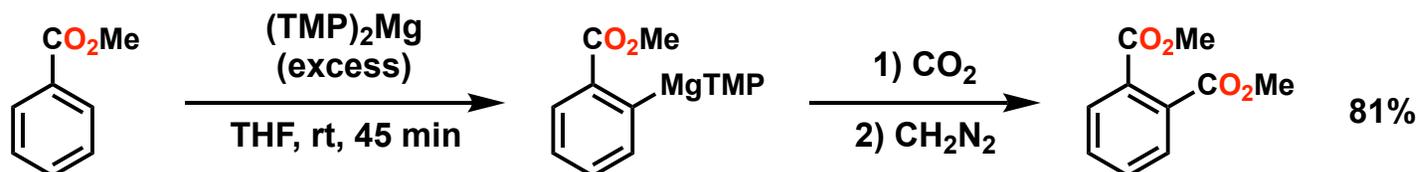
Directed metalation by $(\text{TMP})_2\text{Mg}$



Both reagents are, unlike TMPLi and LDA , stable for >24 h in refluxing THF



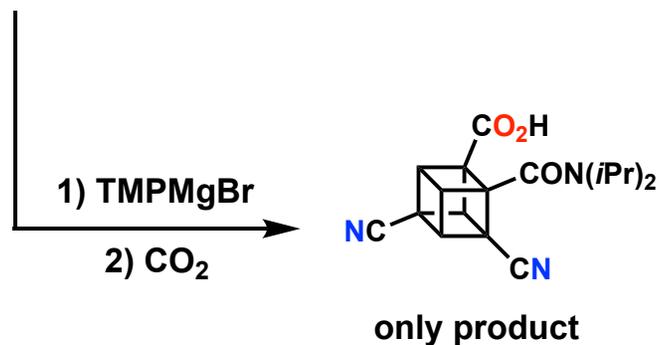
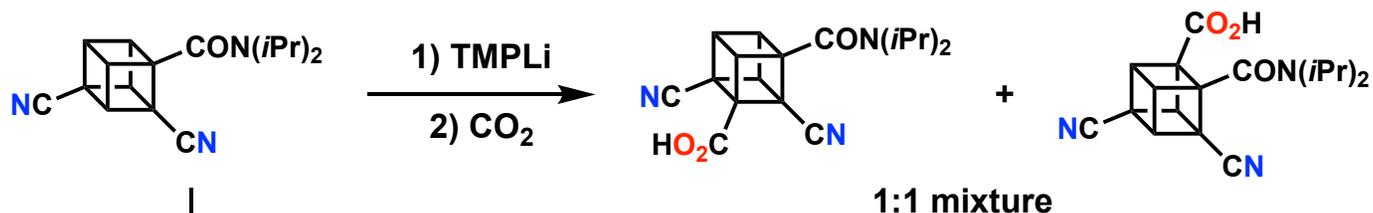
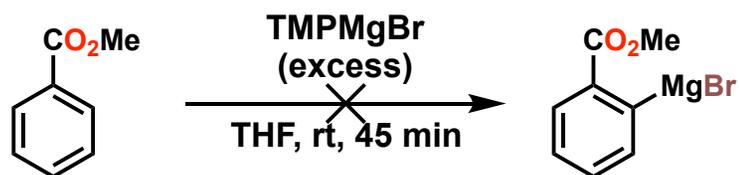
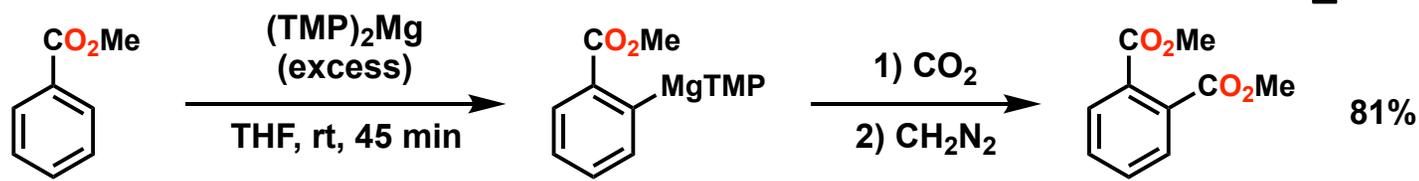
Philip E. Eaton
U. Of Chicago



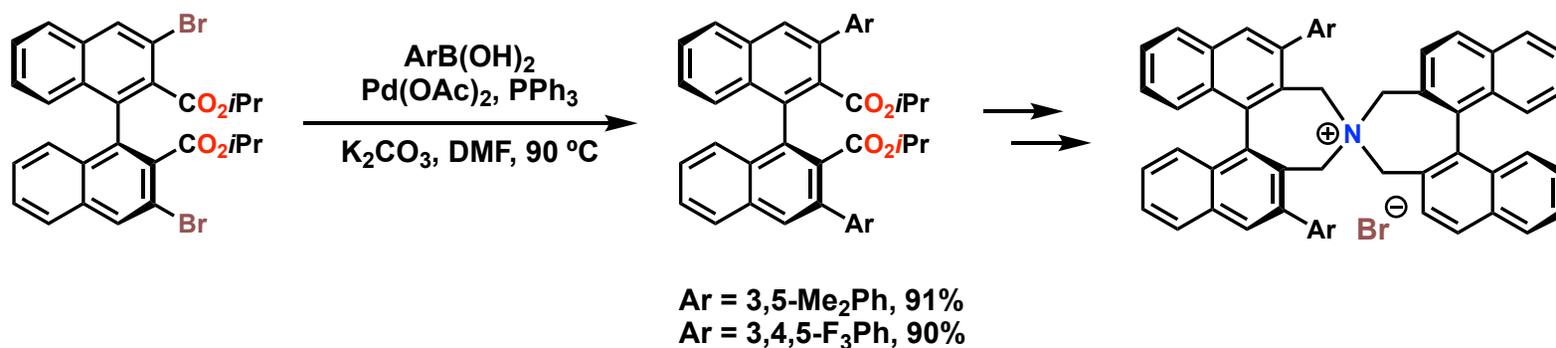
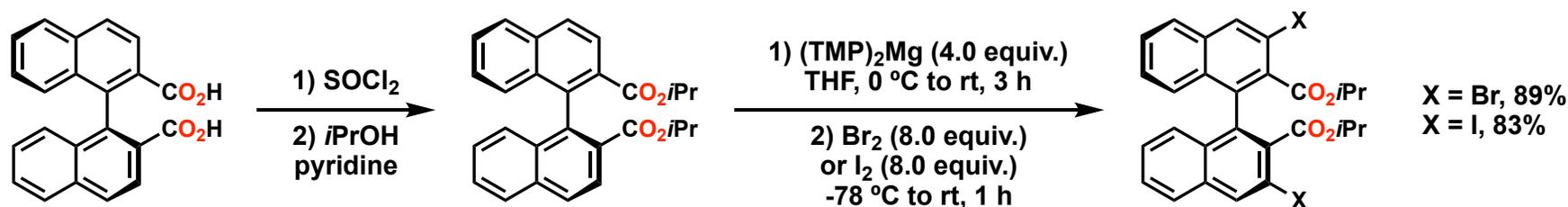
“Hauser bases and magnesium diamides are known, but their uses in organic synthesis have barely been explored.”

“To our knowledge, it has always been assumed that the initial metalation depended crucially, if not exactly explicitly, on the properties of lithium. To the contrary, as we show here, direct “ortho magnesiation” can be accomplished readily.”

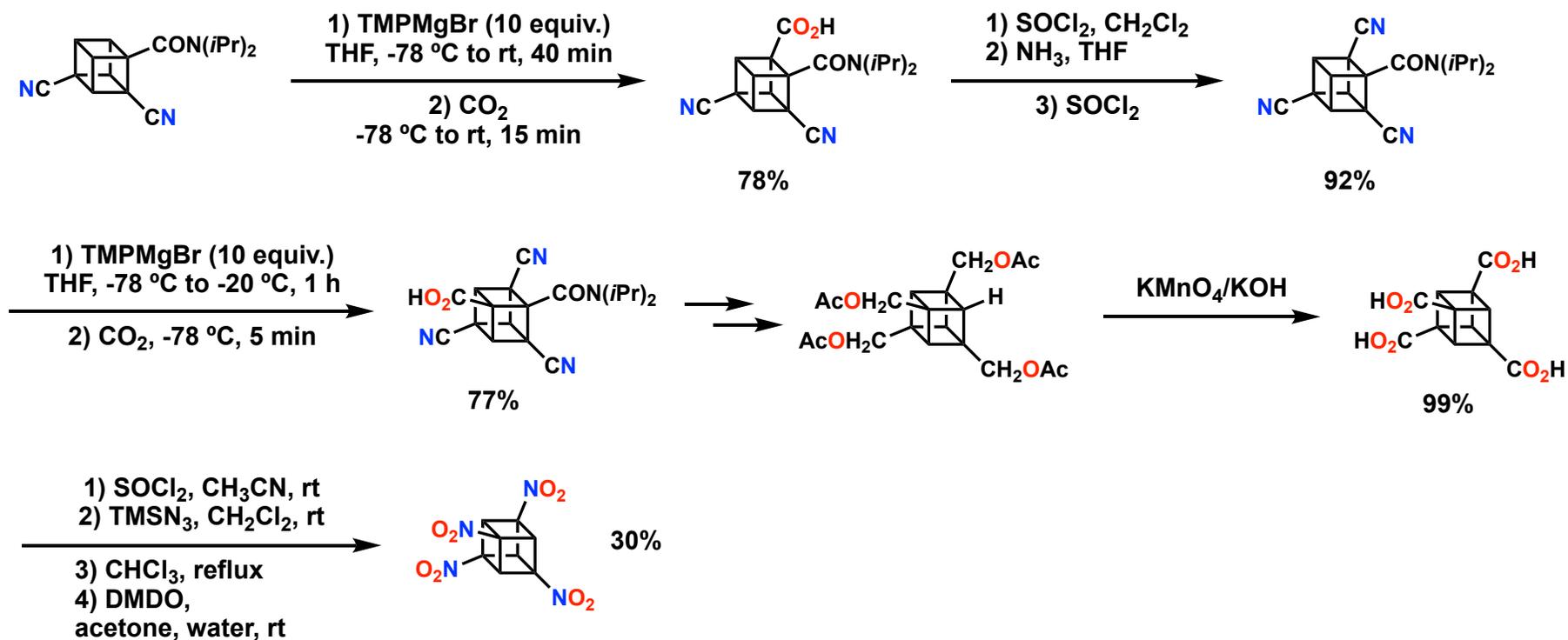
Scope of metalation with $(\text{TMP})_2\text{Mg}$



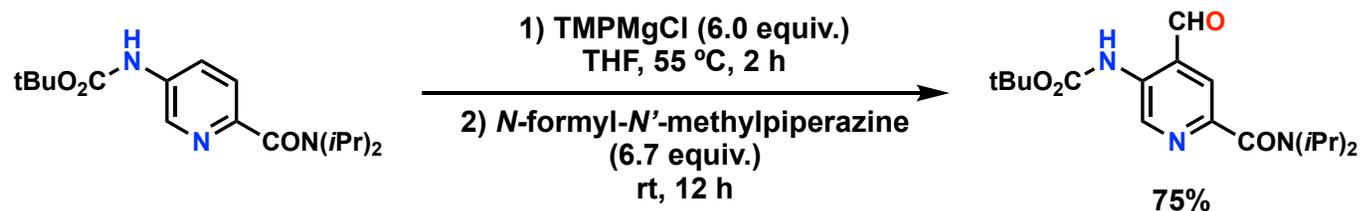
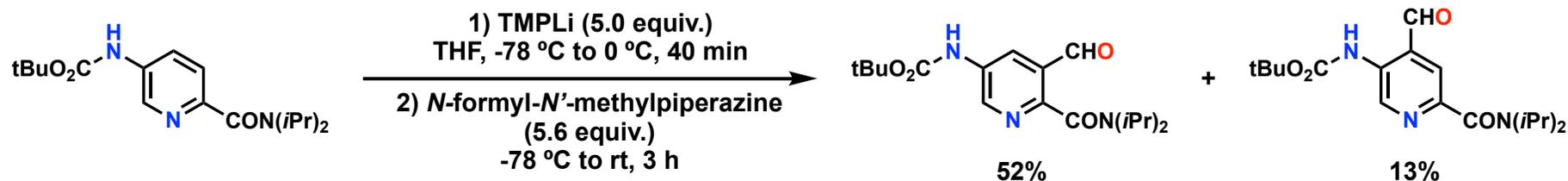
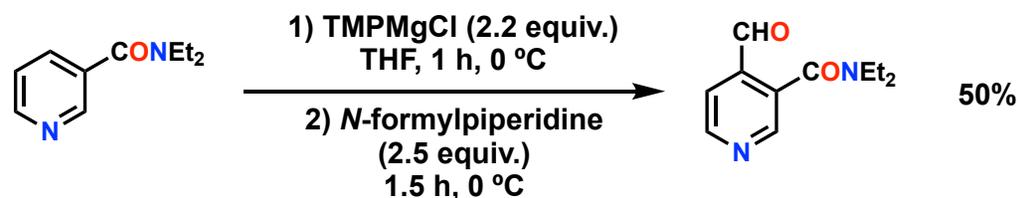
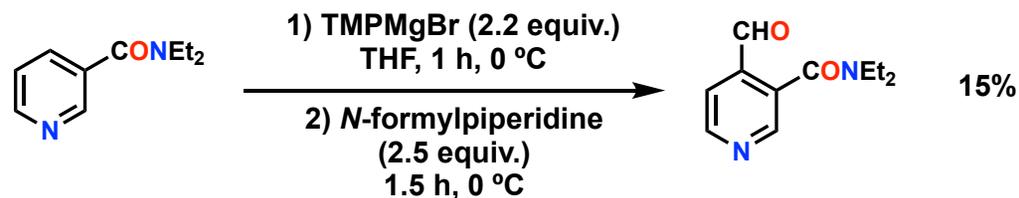
Scope of metalation with $(\text{TMP})_2\text{Mg}$



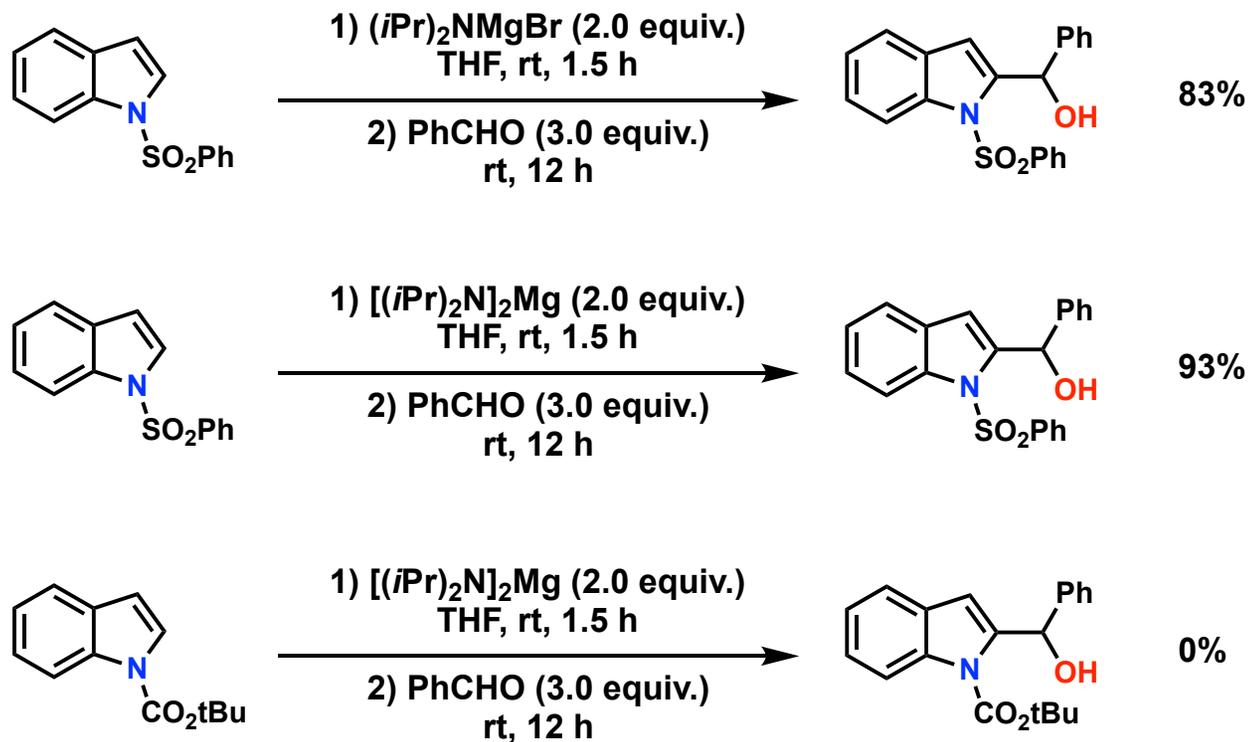
Scope of metalation with TMPMgBr



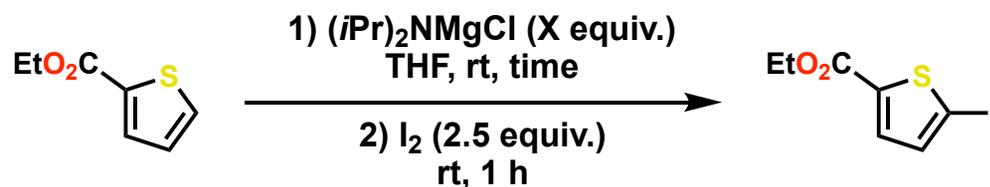
Importance of the halide



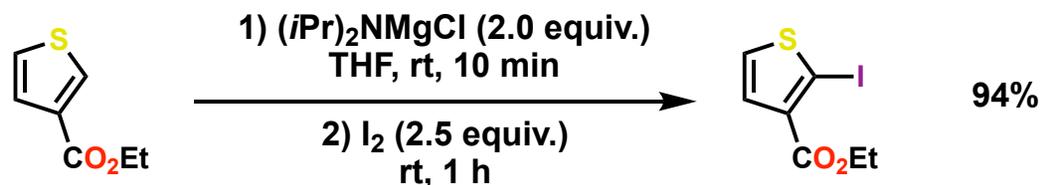
Deprotonation of heterocycles



Deprotonation of heterocycles

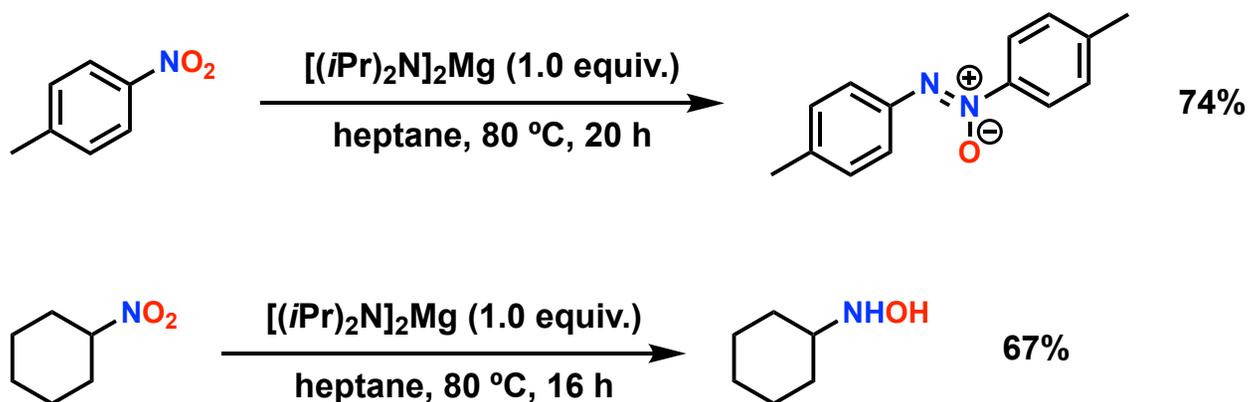


Equiv. $i\text{Pr}_2\text{MgCl}$	time	yield
1.0	1 h	21% (73% rsm)
1.0	24 h	0% (90% rsm)
2.0	10 min	77%
2.0	30 min	60%
2.0	1 h	52%
2.0	24 h	0%

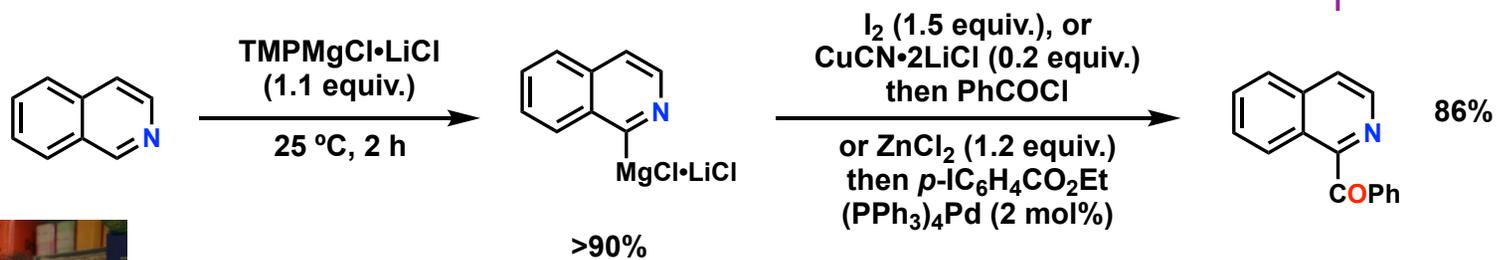
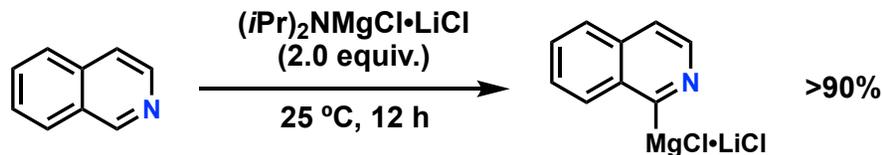


Shortcomings of the original methodology

- Reagents of the type R_2N-MgX and $R_2N-Mg-NR_2$ are only partially soluble in THF and insoluble in most others – large excess is often employed at 25 °C or greater
- Insoluble magnesium amides can behave as reducing agents

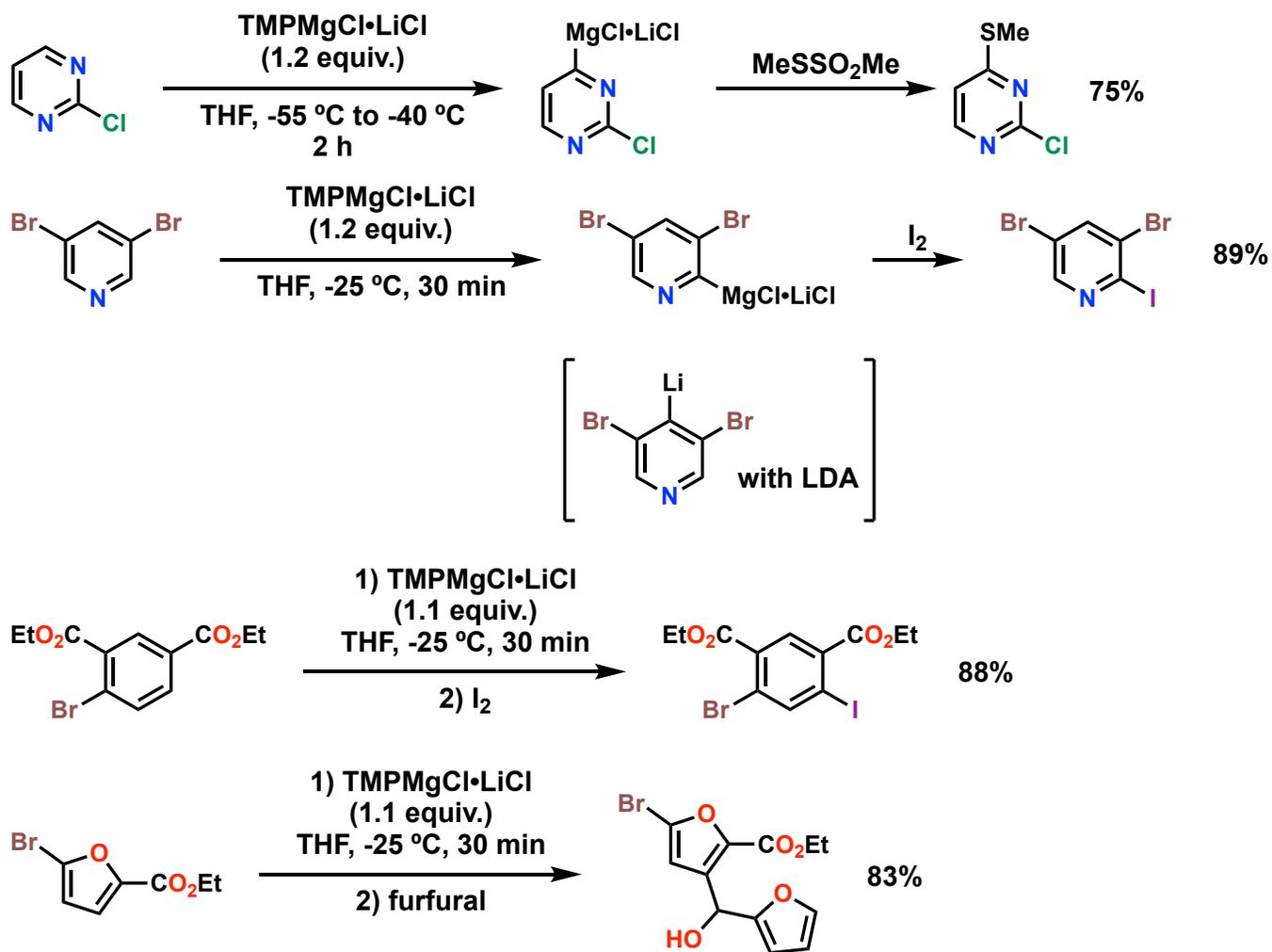


Lithium chloride complexes

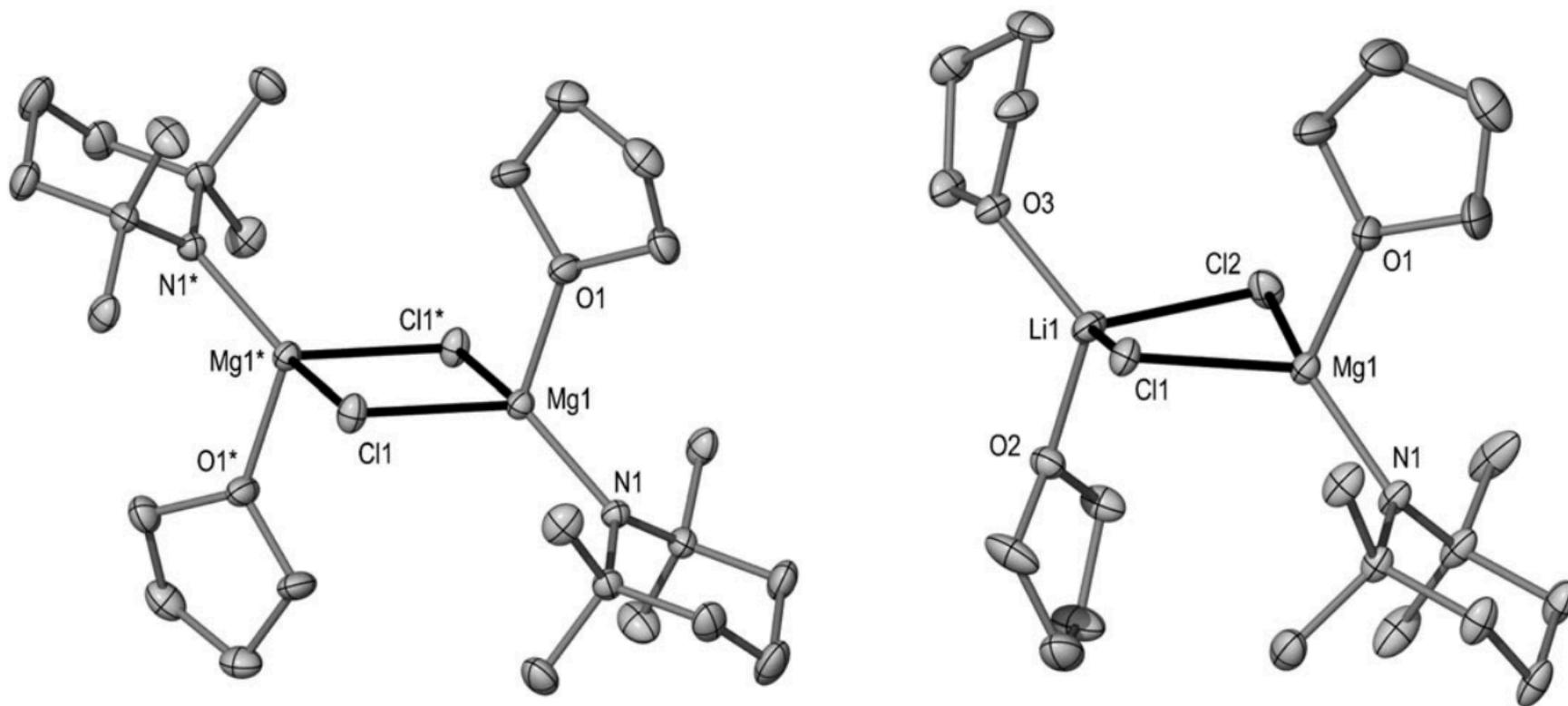


Paul Knochel
 Ludwig-Maximilians-Universität
 Munich, Germany

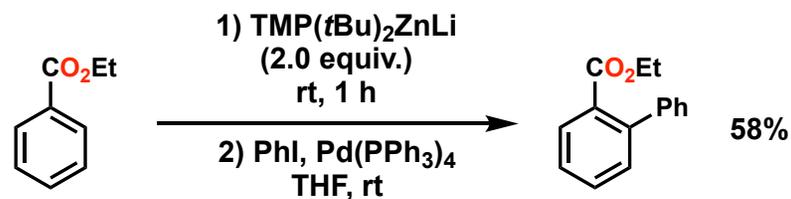
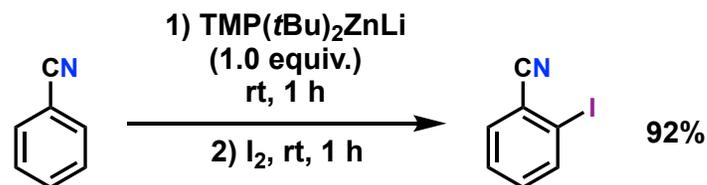
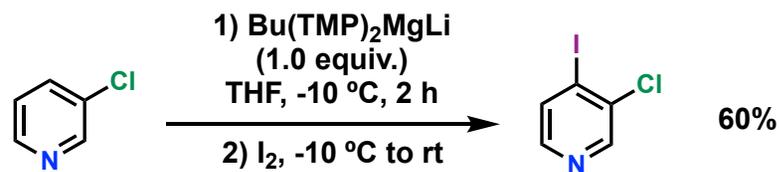
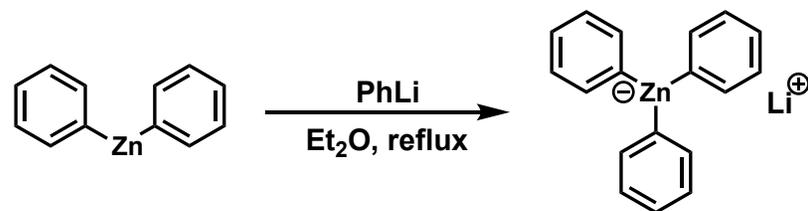
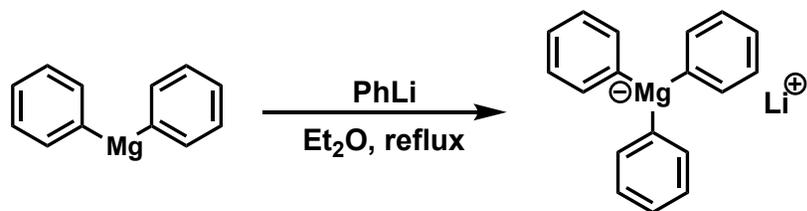
TMPMgCl•LiCl – mild and selective



Structure of $\text{TMPMgCl} \cdot \text{LiCl}$



“Ate” complexes as metalating agents

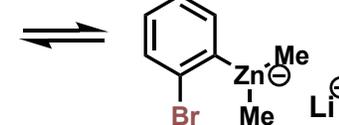
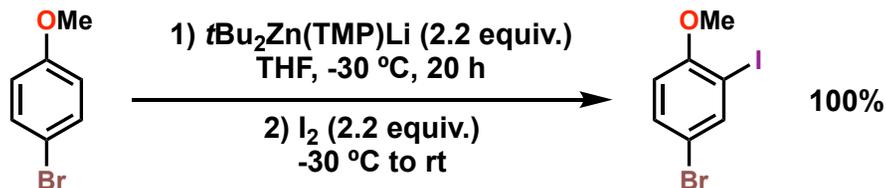
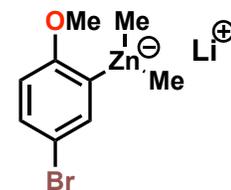
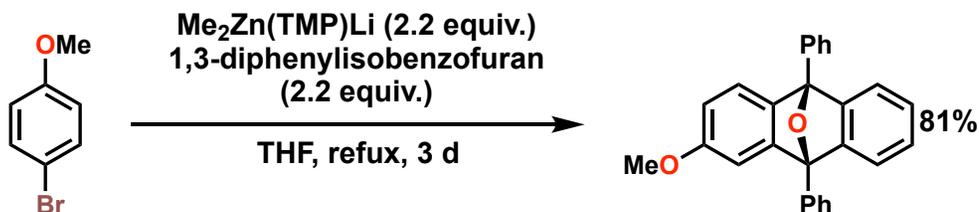
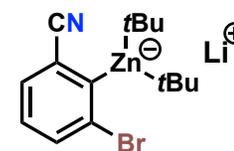
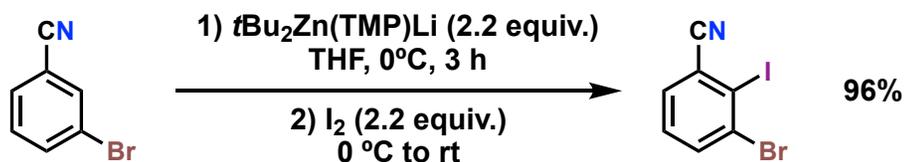
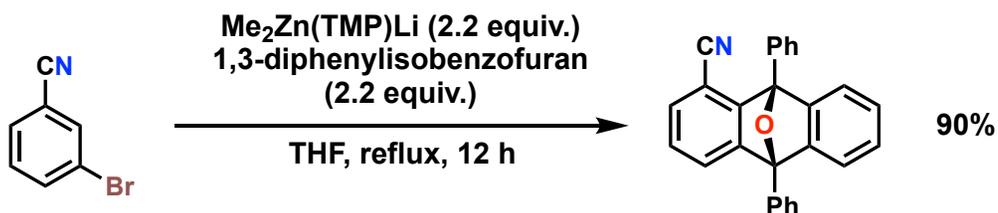


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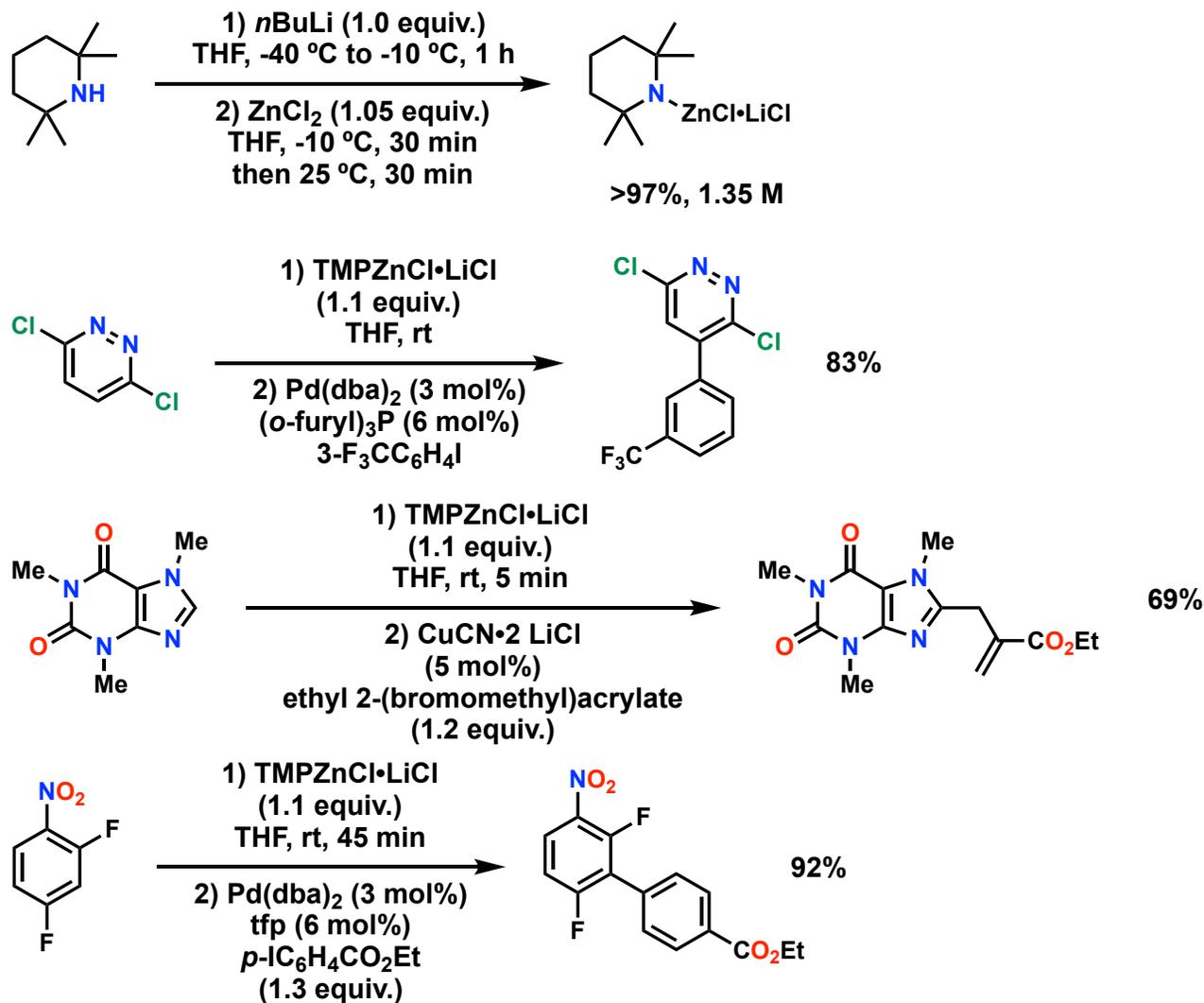
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Kondo, Y.; Shilai, M.; Uchiyama, M.; Sakamoto, T. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **1999**, 121, 3539-3540.

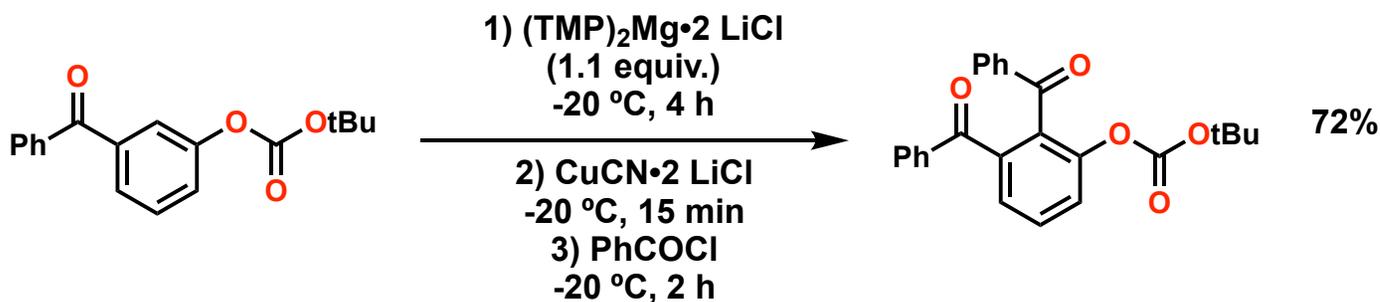
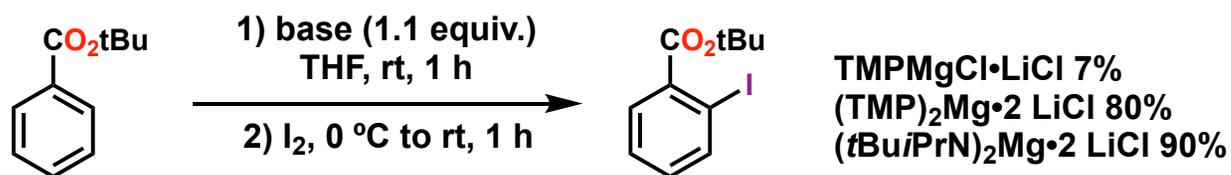
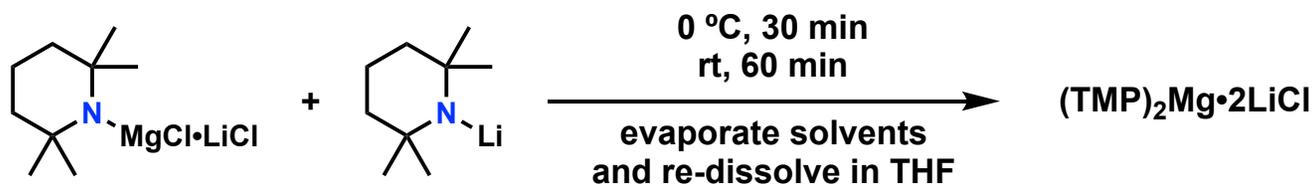
Zincates as metalating reagents



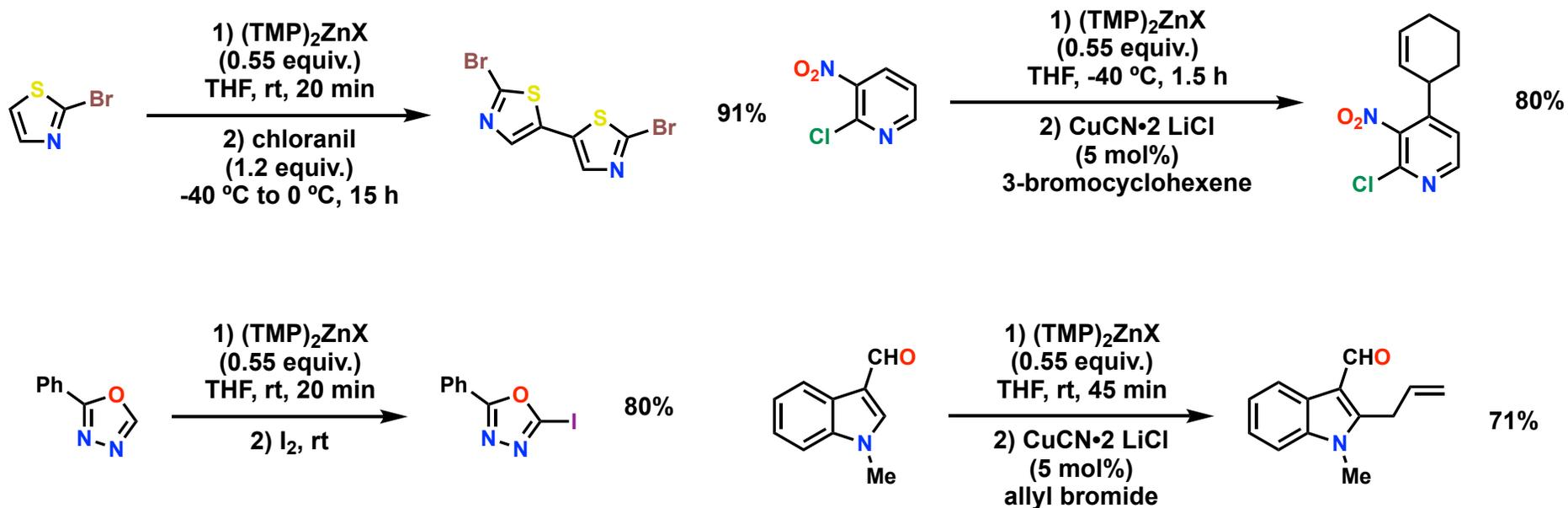
Zincation with TMPZnCl•LiCl



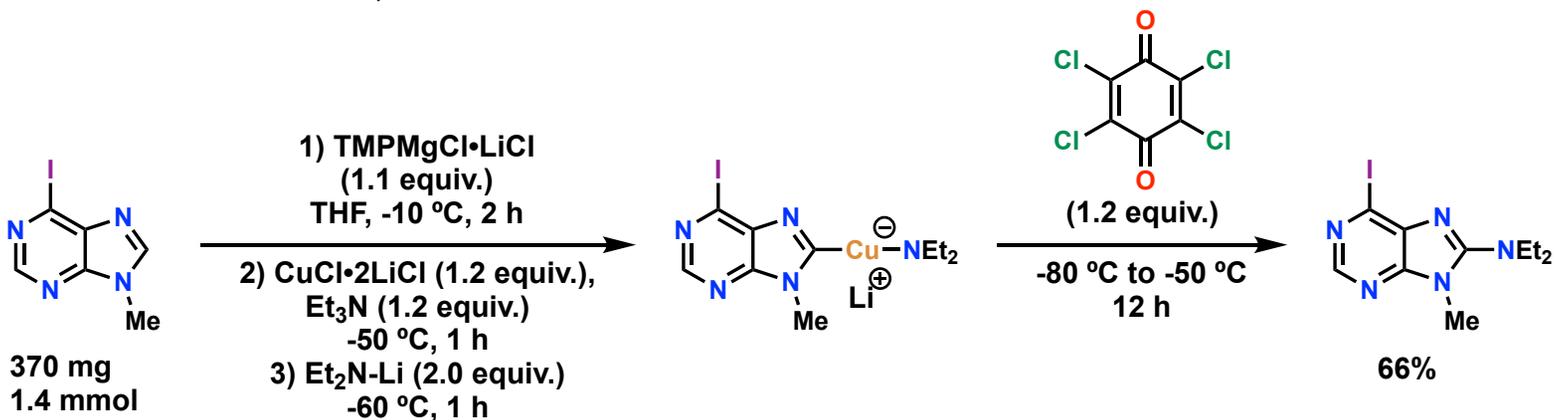
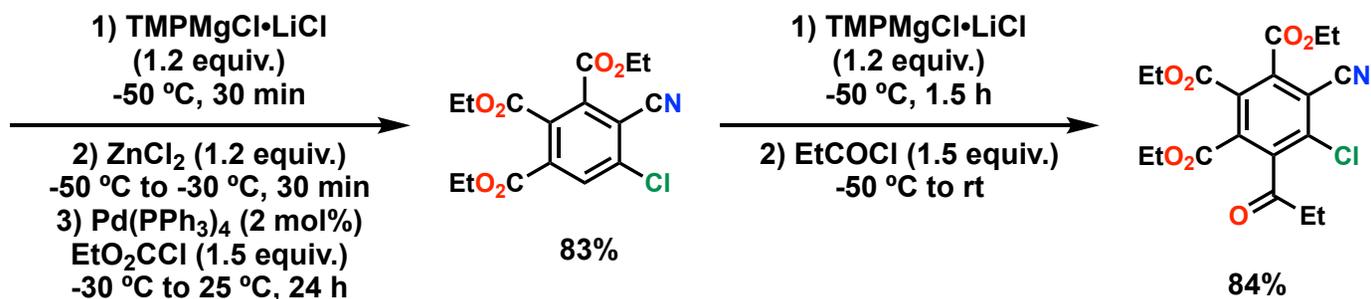
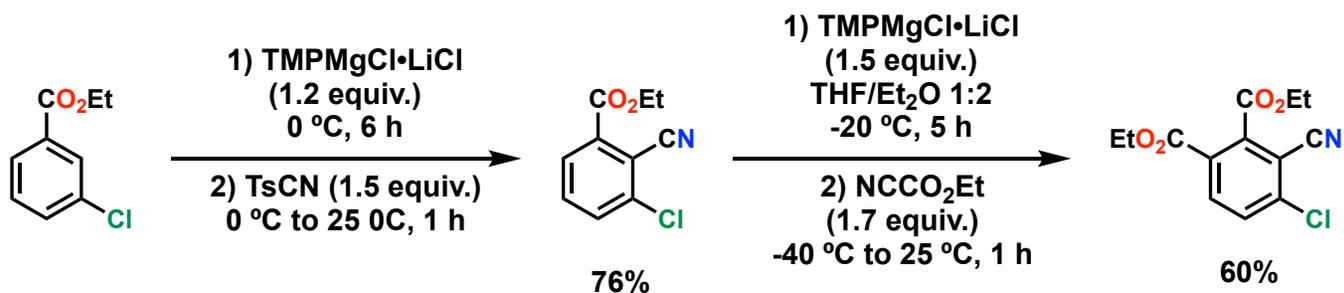
$(\text{TMP})_2\text{Mg}\cdot 2 \text{LiCl}$ – for reluctant C–H acids



$(\text{TMP})_2\text{Zn} \cdot 2 \text{MgCl}_2 \cdot 2 \text{LiCl}$



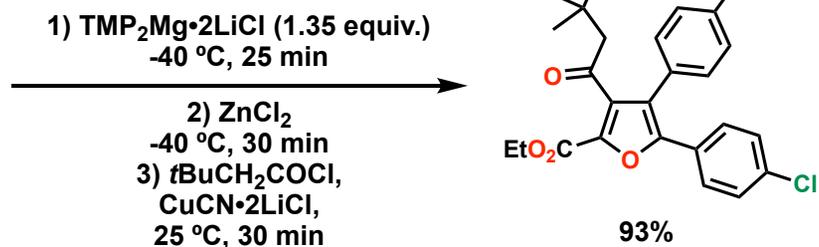
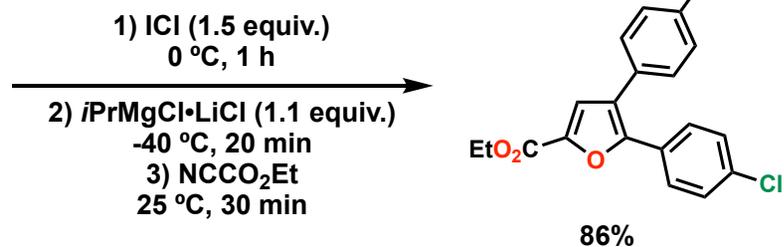
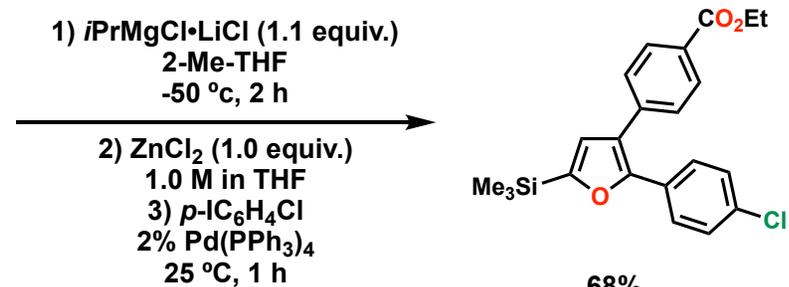
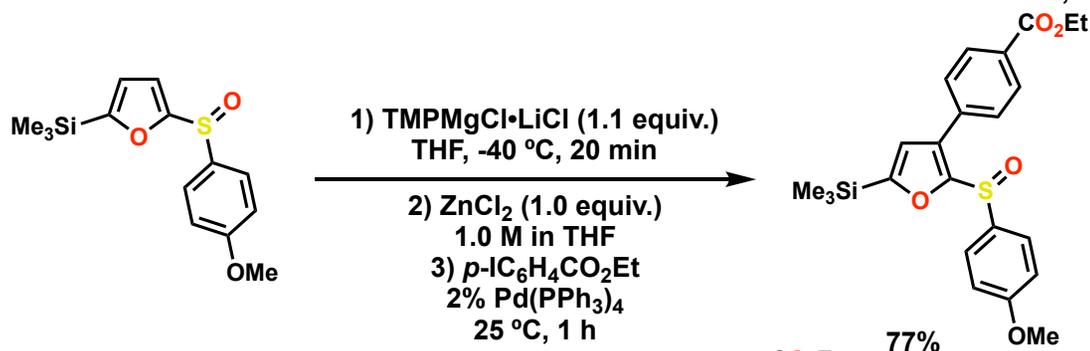
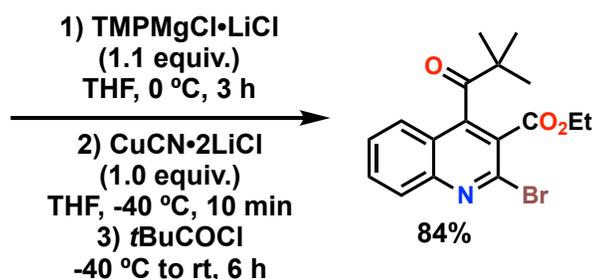
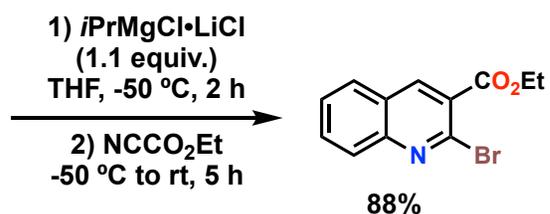
Applications



Lin, W.; Baron, O.; Knochel, P. *Org. Lett.* **2006**, *8*, 5673-5676.

Boudet, N.; Dubbaka, S. R.; Knochel, P. *Org. Lett.* **2008**, *10*, 1715-1718.

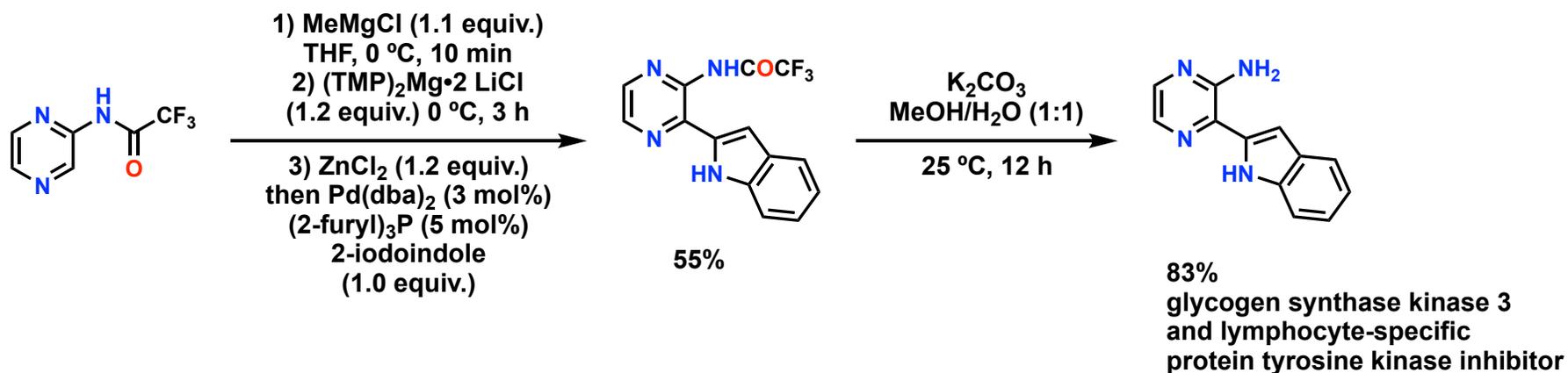
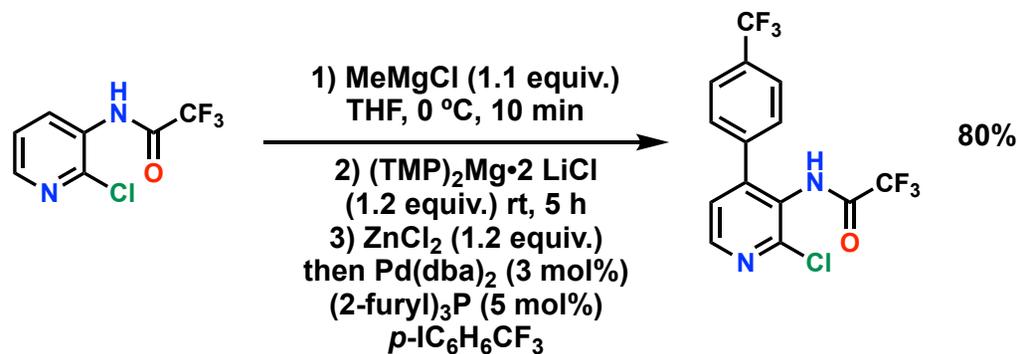
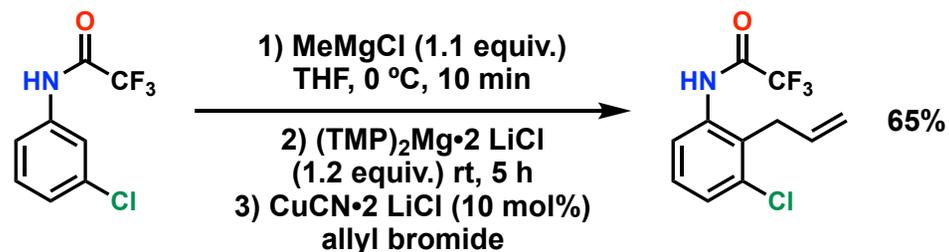
Applications



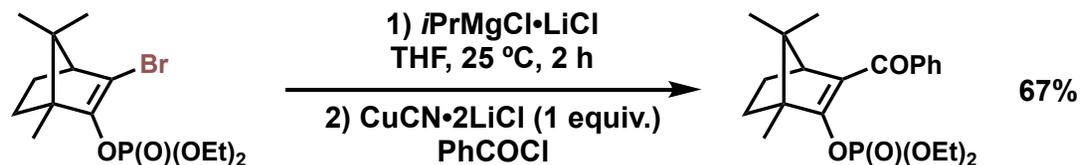
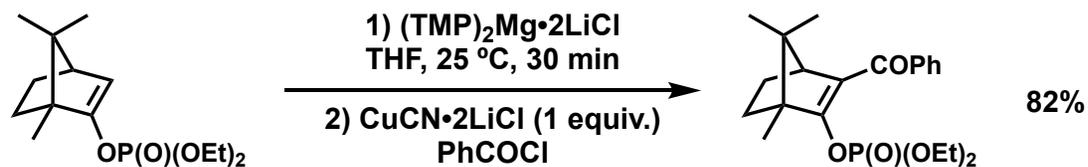
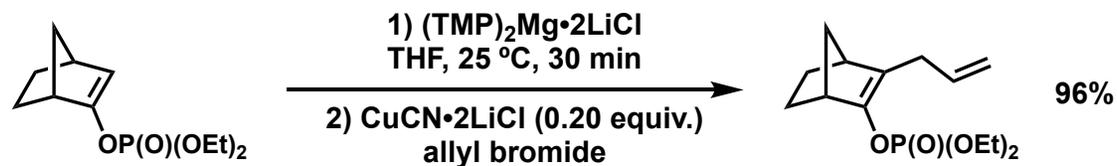
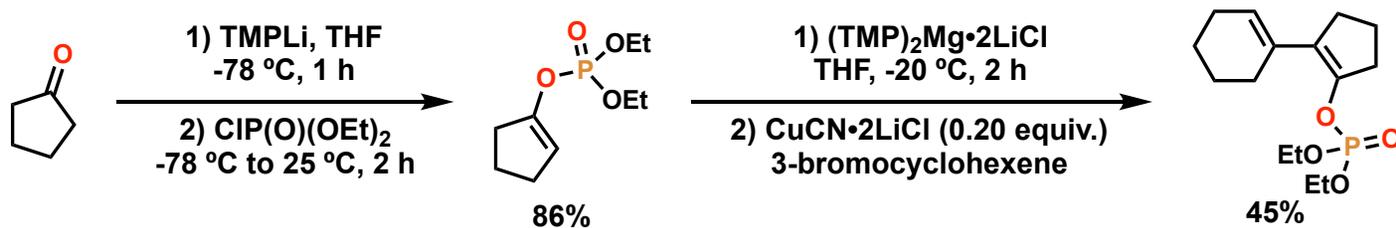
Boudet, N.; Lachs, J. R.; Knochel, P. *Org. Lett.* **2007**, *9*, 5525-5528.

Melzig, L.; Rauhut, C. B.; Knochel, P. *Chem. Commun.* **2009**, 3536-3538.

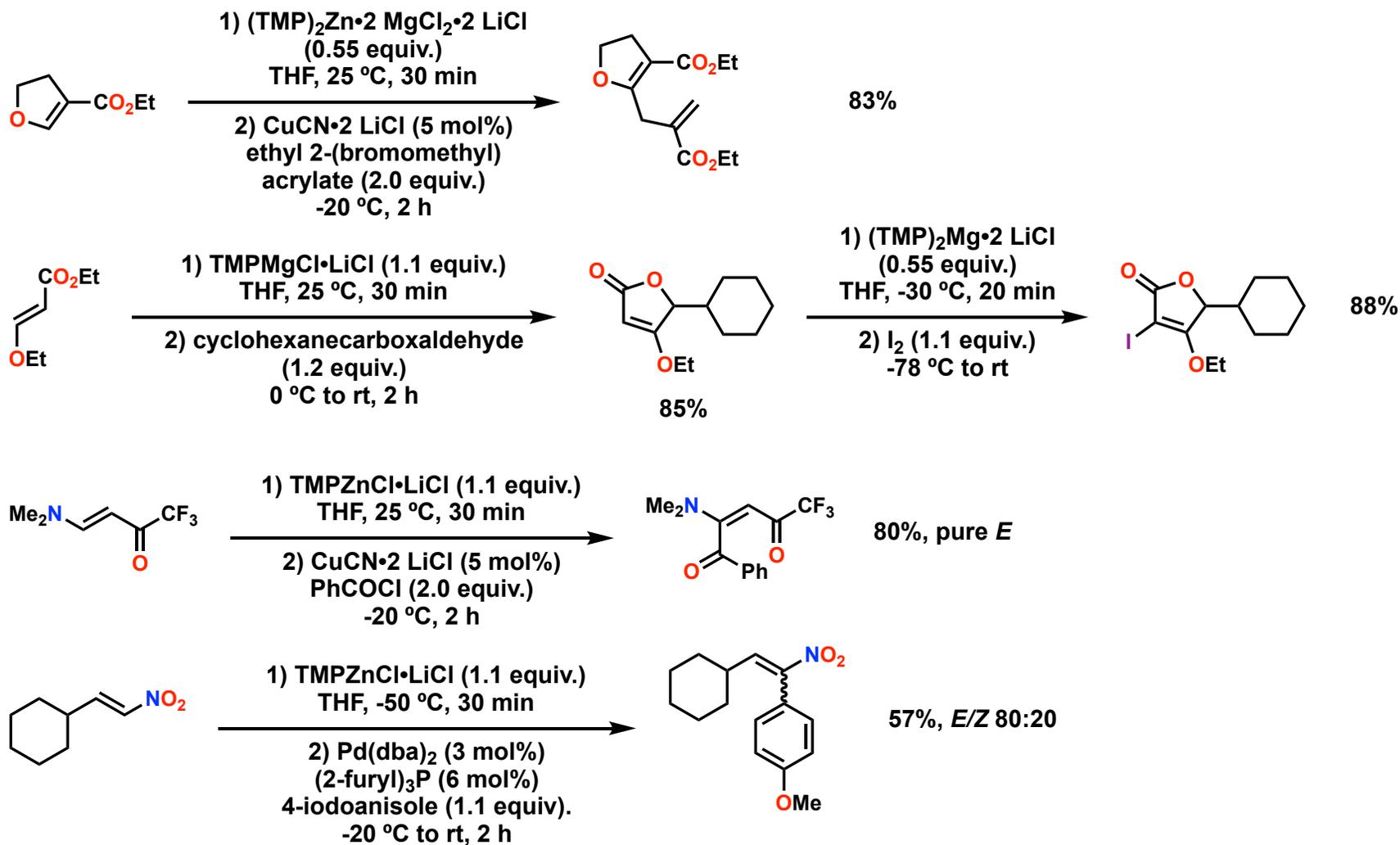
Aminoarenes



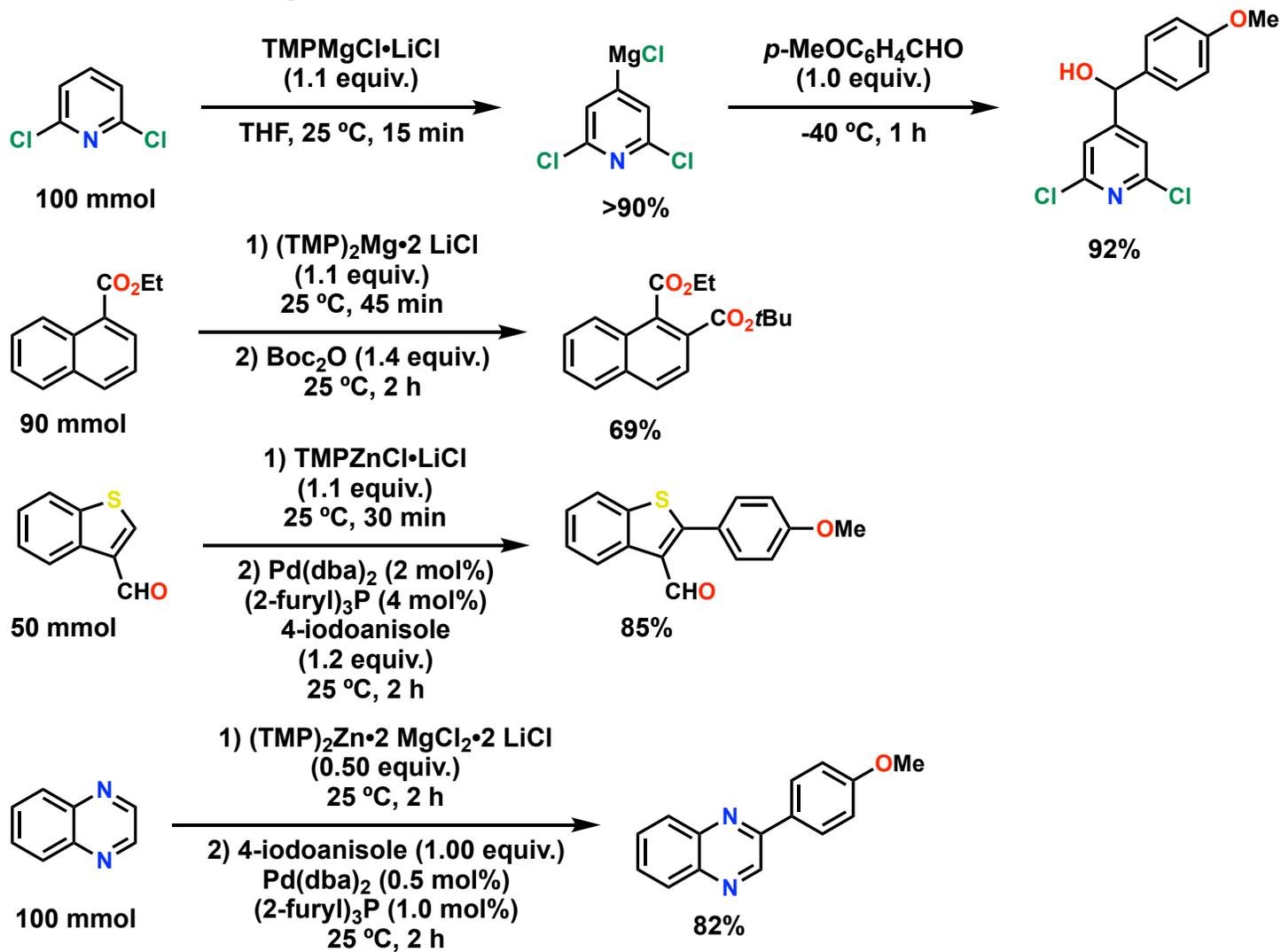
Nonaromatic substrates



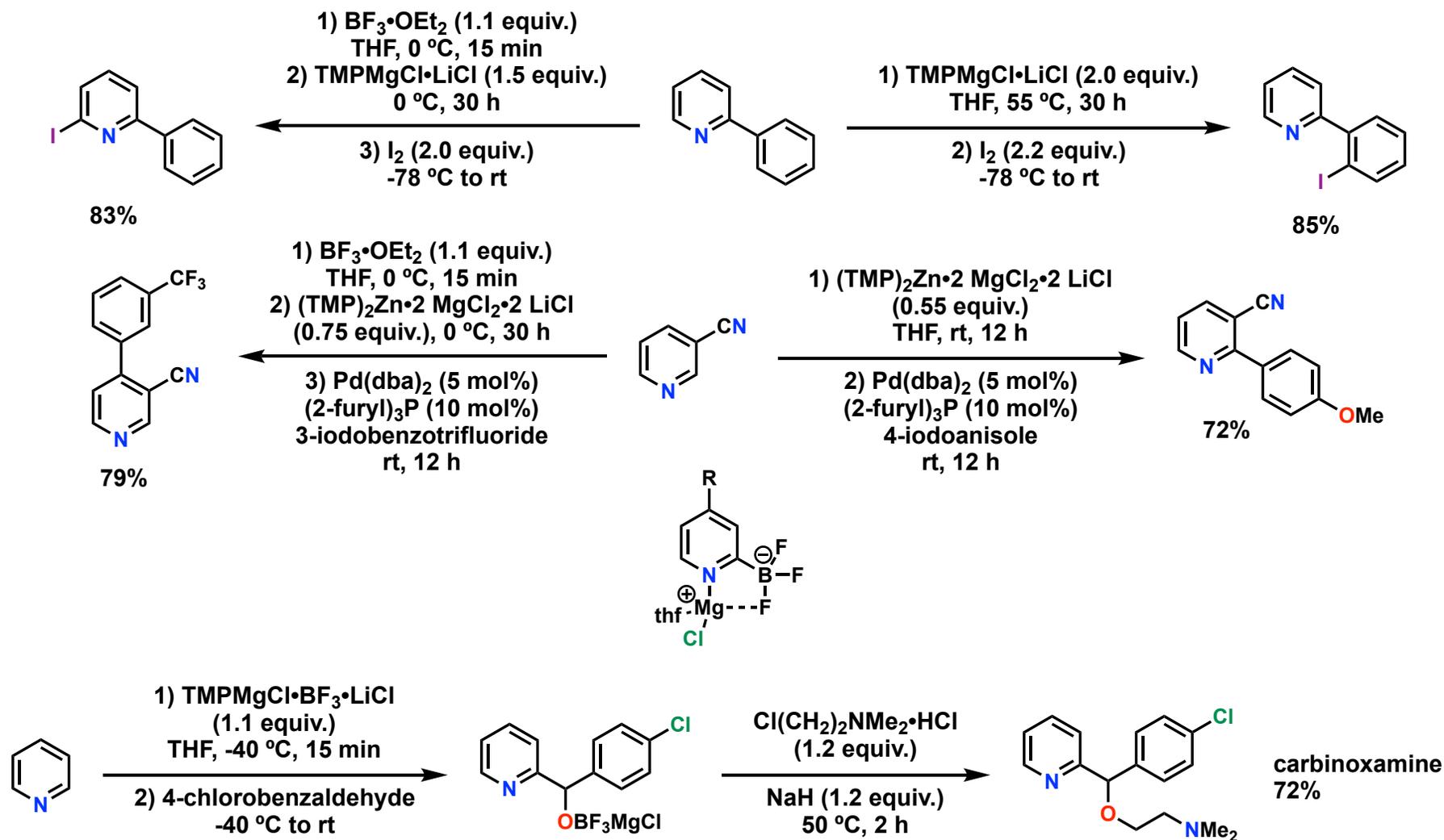
Nonaromatic substrates



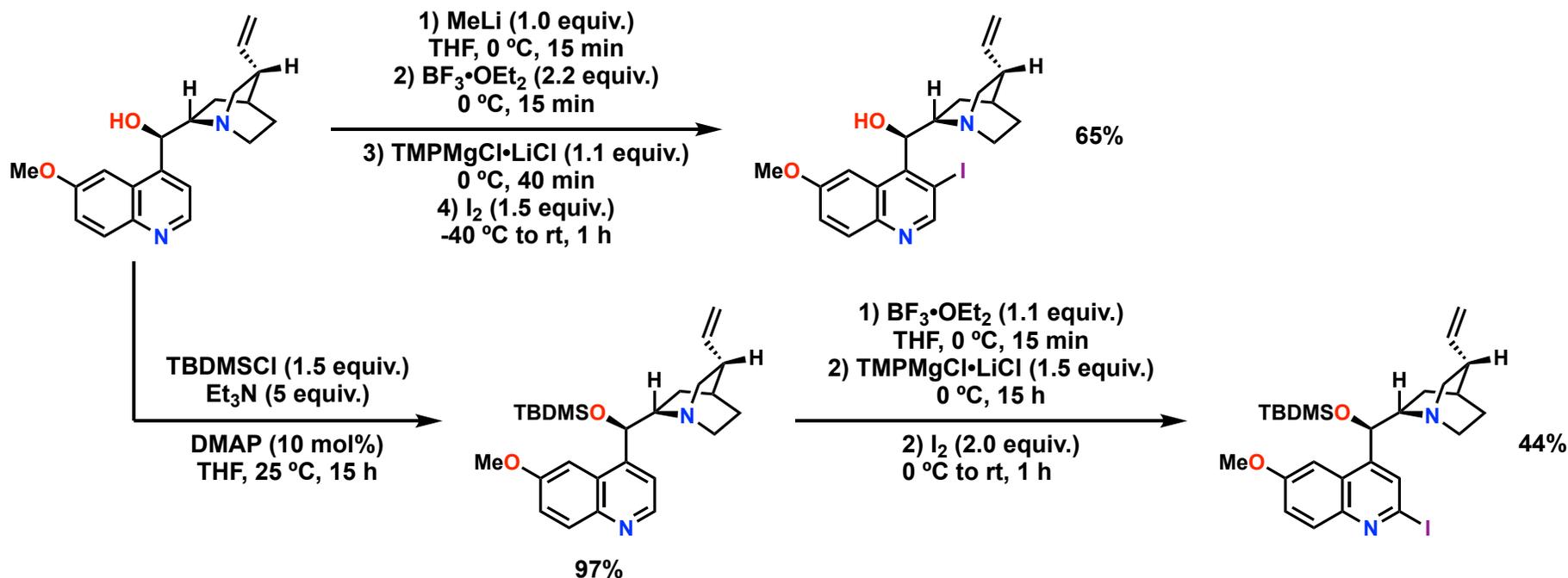
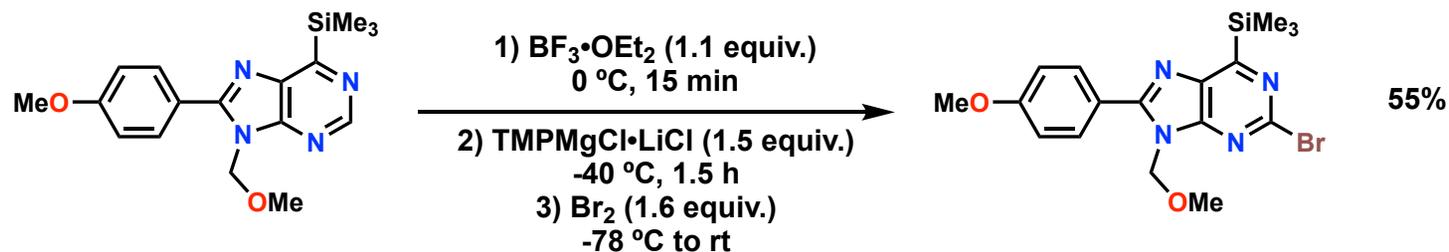
Large-scale transformations



Lewis acid cooperativity



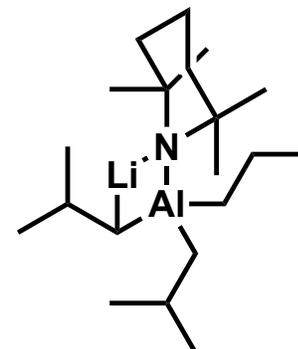
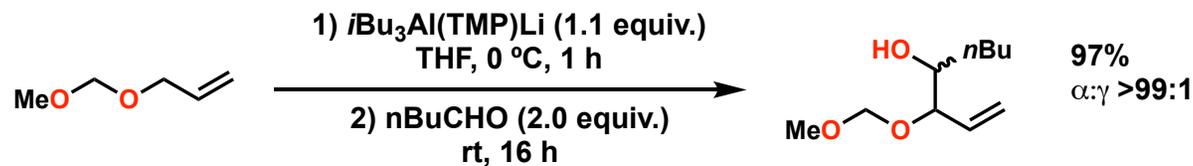
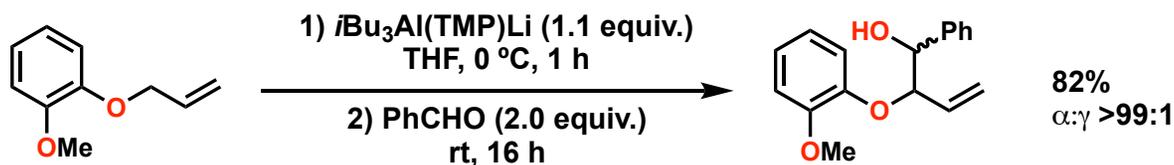
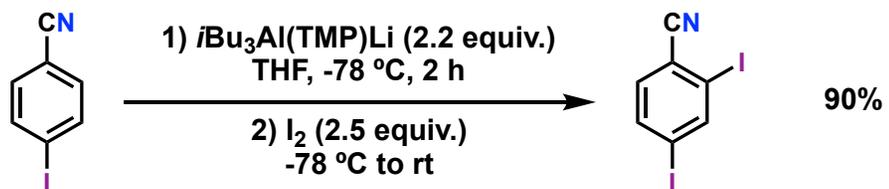
Complex substrates



Groll, K.; Manolikakes, S. M.; Mollat du Jourdin, X.; Jaric, M.; Bredihhin, A.; Karaghiosoff, K.; Carell, T.; Knochel, P. *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.* **2013**, *52*, 6776-6780.

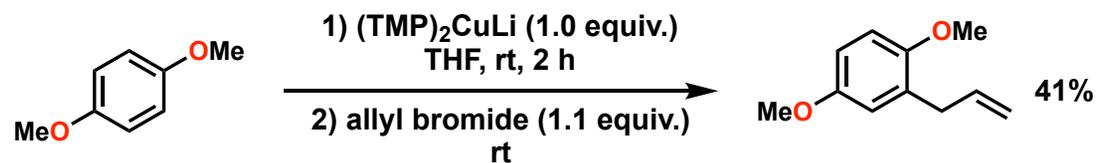
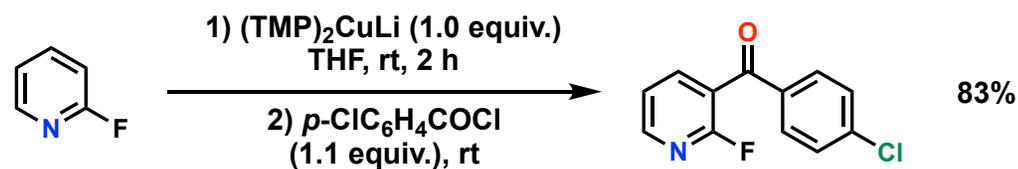
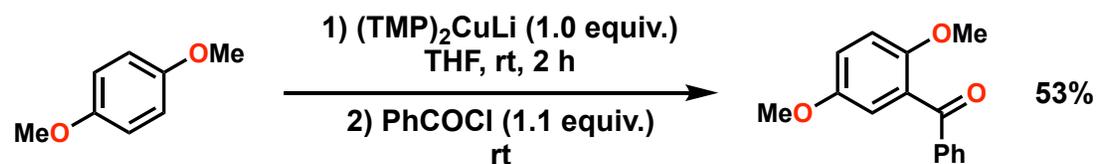
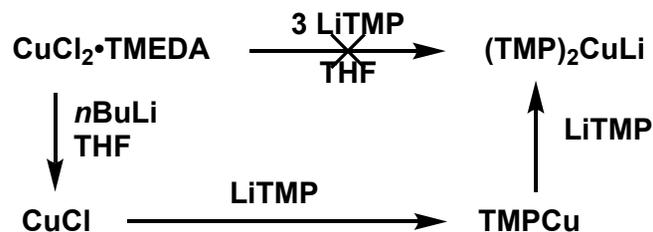
Jaric, M.; Haag, B. A.; Manolikakes, S. M.; Knochel, P. *Org. Lett.* **2011**, *13*, 2306-2309.

Other metals: Al

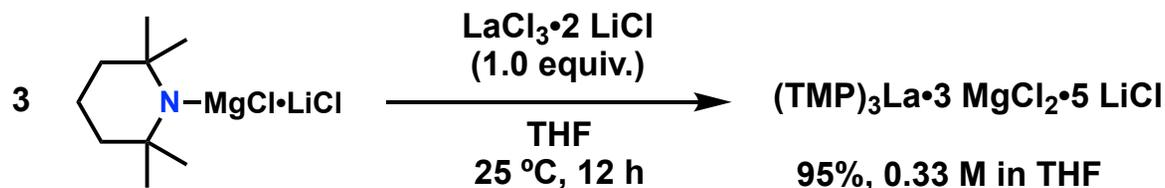
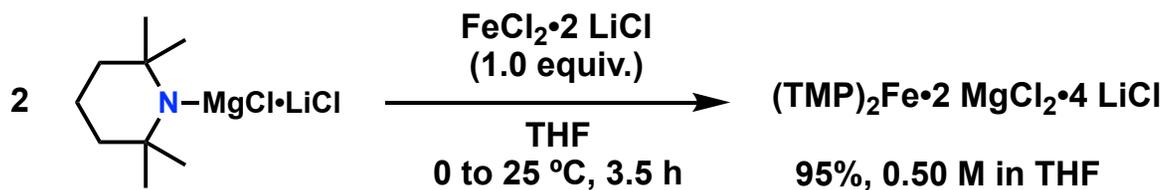
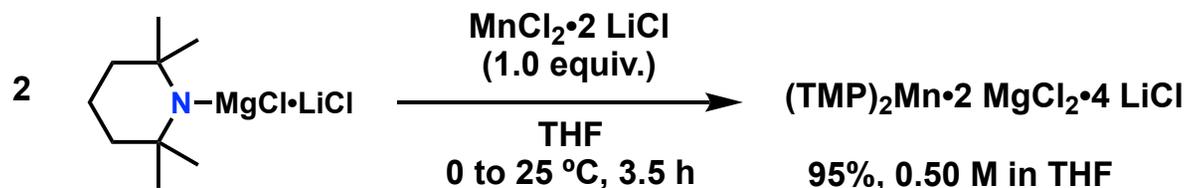


Single, novel species by
 ^1H , ^{13}C , ^7Li , ^{15}N , ^{27}Al -NMR

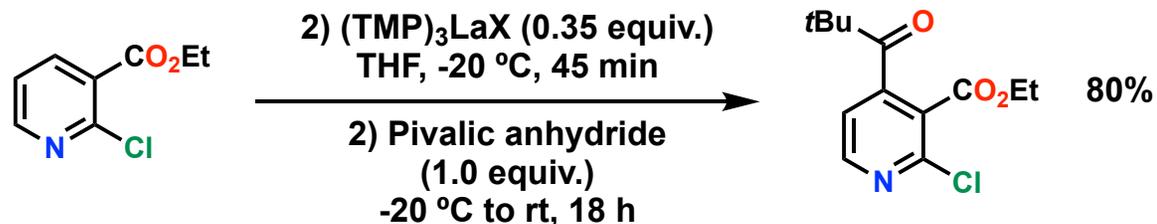
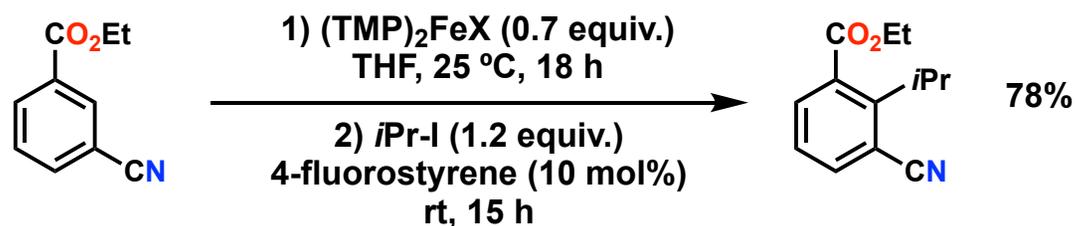
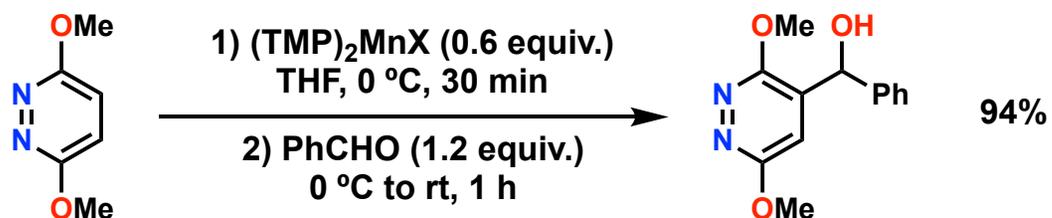
Other metals: Cu



Other metals: Mn/Fe/La



Other metals: Mn/Fe/La



Conclusion

- Organometallic reagents can be readily prepared by deprotonation, without transmetalation from an organolithium intermediate
- TMP-Mg and TMP-Zn bases are stable in THF solution at room temperature for months
- Fragile and highly functionalized aromatic and heterocyclic structures can be metalated and captured in good to excellent yields
- While the methodologies are very selective, only the kinetically most acidic C–H will be deprotonated
- TMP bases are soluble in very few solvents other than THF
- Some metalation/transmetalation/cross-coupling methodologies are very technically sophisticated

Important Reviews

- (1) Klatt, T.; Markiewicz, J. T.; Sämann, C.; Knochel, P. Strategies To Prepare and Use Functionalized Organometallic Reagents. *J. Org. Chem.* **2014**, *79*, 4253-4269.
- (2) Haag, B.; Mosrin, M.; Ila, H.; Malakhov, V.; Knochel, P. Regio- and Chemoselective Metalation of Arenes and Heteroarenes Using Hindered Metal Amide Bases. *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.* **2011**, *50*, 9794-9824.
- (3) Mulvey, R. E.; Robertson, S. D. FascinATES: Mixed-Metal Ate Compounds That Function Synergistically. *Top. Organomet. Chem.* Vol. 47. **2014**, Springer-Verlag: Berlin; pp 129-158.
- (4) Mulvey, R. E.; Avant-Garde Metalating Agents: Structural Basis of Alkali-Metal-Mediated Metalation. *Acc. Chem. Res.* **2009**, *42*, 743-755.
- (5) Mulvey, R. E.; Mongin, F.; Uchiyama, M.; Kondo, Y. Deprotonative Metalation Using Ate Compounds: Synergy, Synthesis, and Structure Building. *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.* **2007**, *46*, 3802-3824.